

# 1. Content of the 'Topic Description' document

## 1.1. Topic area

Pest/Vector biology, epidemiology, taxonomy.

## 1.2. Topic title

Study on the diversity of phytoplasmas detected in European forests.

### **1.3. Description of the problem the research should solve**

No wide knowledge is available about phytoplasmas' impact in the European forests, however several reports are highlighting the importance of these prokaryotes as associated with economic relevant factors with detrimental effects on both production and landscape (Bertaccini et al., 2014). The recent introduction of several alien species of both insects phytoplasma possible vectors and weeds increased the risk of spreading of new phytoplasmas or new strains that could further reduce the healthy condition of forests. At the same time, forest plants infected by phytoplasmas could represent a treat for cultivated crops acting as reservoir of phytoplasmas. The topic will aim to develop a network for the application of common protocols for the monitoring and identification of phytoplasmas in the European forests. Survey for specific symptomatology and presence of potential insect vectors should be carried out together with the molecular verification of phytoplasma presence in such materials. Real-time PCR protocols can be used as common tools for phytoplasma detection whereas DNA barcoding can be employed for the identification together with identity confirmation on full 16S rRNA gene. Areas where the problems related to phytoplasmas presence are more common (i.e. near cultivated crops such as apple or grapevine) could be surveyed in particular together with areas in which alien weeds or potential alien insect vectors were recently reported.

## 1.4. Description of the expected results

One workshop focussing on forest trees/plants phytoplasmas will be organised at the beginning of the project that will allow participants to be informed of the most recent advancements on the phytoplasma detection and identification methods and to receive training on specific symptomatology reported and on insect vector of phytoplasma diseases. A national survey (dimension to be decided by the participants) focussing on phytoplasmas in forest areas will be implemented. Data on distribution on phytoplasmas in European forests will be collected.

A final workshop will report the new findings and update of the phytoplasmas situation in the European forests in order to help to identify the need for management strategies and associated risks with phytoplasmas in forest areas.

Common protocols for the monitoring and identification of phytoplasmas in the European forests will be produced.

## **1.5. Beneficiaries of this research product**

The project will benefit to phytosanitary inspectors and laboratories that needs to survey and verify the presence of diseases due to these bacteria inside the most relevant environmental areas in and within Europe.

Funding organisation	Research activity and researchers involved	
1. Alma Mater Studiorum, University of	-Project coordination.	
Bologna, Italy	-Organisation of the workshops.	

#### 1.6. Research funders and research contribution/ distribution



Assunta Bertaccini	-Survey for the presence of phytoplasmas and		
assunta bertaccini@unibo.it	notential insect vectors in forest and		
	phytoplasma strains identification.		
	-Data collection from partners to define		
	common protocols for the monitoring and		
	identification of phytoplasmas and potential		
	insect vectors in the European forests.		
	Contact person: Assunta Bertaccini		
	assunta.bertaccini@unibo.it		
2 Austrian Agency for Health and Food	-Detection of phytoplasmas in forests and in		
2. Addition Agency for fielding and food	norticular in cluits of forests reside suring to		
Safety Austria	particular in skirts of forests neighbouring to		
Sulvia Pluomol	vine yards; strain typing for selected samples.		
Sylvia Diuemei			
sbluemel@ages.at	Contact noreany Holds Deisonzain		
	Contact person. neiga Reisenzein		
	helga.reisenzein@ages.at		
	Contact person: Gudrup Strause		
	gudrun.strauss@ages.at		
3. French Agency for Food,	-Detection of phytoplasmas by real-time PCR		
Environmental and Occupational	(Christensen et al. 2009) of collected samples		
	(Chinstensen et al., 2009) of collected samples		
Health & Safety, France	in forest.		
	-Identification of detected phytoplasmas by		
Geraldine Anthoine	DNA barcoding (EPPO protocol)		
goraldino anthoino@ansos fr			
geraiume.anthome@anses.m			
	Contact person: Marianne Loiseau		
	marianne.loiseau@anses.fr		
1 Consiglio per la ricerca in agricoltura	-Survey for the presence of phytoplasmas and		
	-ourvey for the presence of phytoplasinas and		
e l'analisi dell'economia agraria, Italy	potential insect vectors in forest, in particular		
	around grapevine crops.		
Luca Riccioni			
	Contact parson: Elica Angolini		
Inca.nccioniecrea.gov.it	Contact person: Elisa Angelini		
	elisa.angelini@crea.gov.it		
	Contact person: Luca Ferretti		
	<u>iuca.ieiretti@crea.gov.it</u>		
	Contact person: Sabrina.Bertin		
	sabrina bertin@crea.gov.it		
5. Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and	-Survey for specific symptomatology.		
Food, Slovenia	-Detection of phytoplasmas by real-time PCR of		
	collected samples in forest		
Frike Oreček			
Elika Ulesek			
erika.oresek@gov.si	Contact person: Marina Dermastia		
	marina.dermastia@nib.si		
6 Museum and Institute of Zoology	The group will focus on the following forest		
	the group will roous on the following foldst		
Poland	trees: alder, ash, oak,		
	-Organisation of the workshops		
Tadeusz Malewski	-Preparation of molecular tools for identification		
	of phytoploomoo and their incest western		
malewski@milz.waw.pl	or pnytoplasmas and their insect vectors		
	-Survey for presence of phytoplasmas and		
	potential insect vectors in nurseries and forest		
	in Poland.		



Contact person: Tadeusz Malewski
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### 1.7. Research project partnership outside Euphresco

The workshops and trainings will be open to researchers outside the Euphresco network. The research organisations have not been identified.

### 1.8. Any other relevant information on content

Reference

 Bertaccini A., B. Duduk, S. Paltrinieri, N. Contaldo. 2014. Phytoplasmas and phytoplasma diseases: a severe threat to agriculture. *American Journal of Plant Sciences* 5: 1763-1788.



## 2. Euphresco management aspects of the project

## 2.1. Indication of the topic budget

Funding organisation <sup>a</sup>	Mechanism <sup>b</sup>	Total Budget <sup>c</sup>
1. UNIBO (IT)	NC	€5 000
2. AGES (AT)	NC	€20 500
3. ANSES (FR)	NC	€30 200
4. CREA (IT)	NC	€5 000
5. MKGP (SI)	NC	€6 000
6. MIIZ (PL)	NC	€
total		€

**2.2. Expected duration of the project (only for non-competitive topics)** 48 months.

### 2.3. Any other relevant information on topic organisation and management

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> First member is project coordinator. A minimum of two partners are necessary for each proposal. Add lines as needed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Please indicate the preferred mechanism (e.g. real pot RP; virtual pot VP; non-competitive NC), or several mechanisms if there is flexibility.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Optional, as this amount can still change in the next phase. In-kind contribution should also be indicated in this column.